INDEX

Abbaco: classroom instruction in, 311–19; compared with Latin schooling, 319; compared with twentieth-century mathematics, 317–18; definition and history of, 306–9; and interest-bearing loans, 318–19; not taught in Latin schools, 309–11; taught by Scuole Pie, 385

Abbaco schools: in Florence, 72–73; in Lucca, 22–23; in Pistoia, 22; in Rome, 84; in Venice, 50; in Verona, 22; in Volterra, 23

Abbaco teachers: additional duties of, 22–23; communes prefer foreigners as, 23; incomes of, 23; not household tutors, 51; in Verona, 5

Abbecedario. See Primer

Accursius, Bonus, wrote grammar, 192

Adriani, Antonius (teacher), 54

Aesop (*Liber Aesopi*), 17, 69, 197; identified, 112; in medieval schooling, 114–17; taught in Jesuit schools, 379

Agricola, Rudolph, works of, taught, 268–70

Aimeric of Angoulême, 170

Alain de Lille (author), 114

Alani parabolae, 197

Albanzani da Casentino, Donato degli, teaching career of, 39

Albergati, Nicolò (bishop), religious instruction by, 333

Alberic of Monte Cassino (supposed author), 115

Alberti, Carlo, 131

Alberti, Leon Battista: recommends abbaco, 310–11; studies with Barzizza, 131

Albertus grammaticus of Noàntola, 4

Albertus Magnus, 377

Aldine Press: editions of classics, 249; publishes Vergil, 240

Alexander de Villedieu, 136

—and Barzizza, 166

—*De algorismo*, 307

—*Doctrinale*, 136, 164, 201; available, 174; contents, 112; criticized, 139; and Guarino, 168; not read, 182; on poetry, 139, 235–36; taught, 33, 140; word order, 208

Alfonso I (king of Naples), 324

Alfonso of Portugal, 131

Al-Khwarizmi (mathematician), 318

Alvares, Manoel, 191, 378; writes grammar, 192

Ambrose, St., adapts Cicero's work, 216

Amelia, Jesuit school in, 370–71

Ancona, Piarist school in, 386

Andrea da Barberino, works of, 289–90, 292, 294–97

Andreucci, Antonio (teacher), 24

Angeliche (female religious order), 393

Anianus de Salvis (teacher), 54

Anthonius (teacher), 56

Anthony, St. (founder of monasticism), 283–84

Antoniano, Silvio: on educating lower-class boys, 102, 106–7; on female education, 89; praises Schools of Christian Doctrine, 361; supports Scuole Pie, 383

Antonino of Florence, St., on usury, 318
Antonio da Volterra (teacher), 137
Apostles' Creed (Symbolum Apostolorum), 147, 149
Aquinas, Thomas. *See* Thomas Aquinas, St.
Aragona, Tullia d', 94
Archimedes, 310
Aretino, Pietro, 94
Arezzo: free schooling in, 104–5; searches for teacher, 16
Argenta, Jesuit school in, 370–71
Ariosto, Ludovico: imitates Horace, 253–54; life of, 298. See also *Orlando furioso*
Aristophanes, works of, taught, 267
Aristotle: *Ethics*, 203; *Poetics*, 64; works of, taught, 268–71
Ars dictaminis, 136, 216; and Barzizza, 126; compared with Renaissance rhetoric, 233; explained, 114–15, 117; not taught, 141; as secondary rhetoric, 209
Ascoli, catechism schools in, 336
Asconius, *Commentary* on Cicero, 122
Assistant teacher. See *Ripetitore*
Asti: Barnabite school in, 391; catechism schools in, 336
Athanasius, St. (author), 282–83
Auctores, 122, 126, 136, 194, 197, 199; medieval textbooks, 114–15; rejected, 137
Auctorista, 114, 137, 141
Augustine, St., 113, 203; with hornbook, 143
Aulus Gellius, 203; on history, 258
Avicenna, 69

Bade, Josse, commentary on Sallust, 261
Balbi, Giovanni (author), 113, 126, 130, 170
Balbo, Pietro, 130
Baldassare di Battista (teacher), 22
Baratella, Antonio (teacher), 135n
Barbara of Brandenburg, 130
Barbarismus, defined, 163
Barbaro, Ermolao (bishop), 127, 133
Barbaro, Francesco, 127; oratory of, 207
Barbaro family, 131
Barchinus, Domenicus (teacher), 270
Bardi, Girolamo (teacher and author), 68–69
Barlaam and Josaphat (*La vita di San Josaphat*), 285
Barnabites, 363, 406; become communal teachers, 394–95; schools of, 390–91
Baronio, Cesare (cardinal), 383
Barzizza, Gasparino, 129, 133, 169; biography of Cicero by, 122; and boarding school, 131; favors Terence, 250; ignores Horace, 253; ignores Ovid, 254; on grammar, 166–67; life of, 126; omits speculative grammar, 165; oratory of, 207; prefers Ciceronian style, 215; revives classical rhetoric, 208
Barzizza, Guiniforte (teacher), 393
Basel, Council of, 134
Basil the Great, St., on poetry, 236
Bassano: school in, 12; teacher in, 4
Bassano del Grappa, free schooling in, 105
Bassiano, 139–40
Batista di Filippo dalla Scarperia (teacher), 76
Belgioioso, catechism schools in, 336
Bellarmine, Robert (cardinal), catechism of, 354
Bembo, Pietro, 88; imitates Horace, 253–54; prefers Ciceronianism, 215; uses chancery cursive, 325
Bergamo, 126; catechism schools in, 336; Somascha school in, 391
Bernardi de Colle, Hieronimus (teacher), 26
Bernardi de Colle, Lucas Antonii (teacher), 26
Bernardino of Siena, St., 129; on usury, 318
Bernard of Morlaix, 113
Bibione, Vincenzo (household tutor), 51–52
Bible, 88
Bisticci, Vespasiano da, 324
Bivona, Jesuit school in, 370
Boarding schools: Barnabite, 391; and humanistic studies, 130–32; Jesuit, 374–76; nomenclature of, 131; Piarist, 387; Somaschi, 391; in Venice, 31, 52
Boccaccio, Giovanni: finds text of Cicero, 121; on poetry, 236; works of, not taught, 88, 304–5
Boccardo (Buccardus Pylades), Gianfrancesco, wrote syntax manual, 193
Boethius: *De arithmetica*, 306, 310;

identified, 114; works of, not taught, 136, 141; works of, taught, 17
Boiardo, Matteo Maria (author), 298
Bolgar, R. R., 216
Bollani, Domenico (bishop), supports catechetical instruction, 360
Bologna, catechism schools in, 337; free schooling in, 105; Jesuit school in, 370; teachers in, 4
Bonamico, Lazzaro, wrote Latin grammar, 187
Bonaventure, St. (supposed author), 286
Bonciari, Marco Antonio, 191; writes grammar manuals, 189–90
Boniface VIII (pope), 78
Bonisoli, Ognibene (Omnibonus Leonicenus): career of, 133–35; studies with Vittorino, 130; works of, 172–73, 213–14, 261–62
Bookkeeping: history of, 319–20; instruction in, 84, 320–23
Book ownership, by women, 95
Borfoni, Folchino (grammarian), 179–80
Borgia, Francis, 364
Borromeo, Carlo (cardinal), 54, 61; authorizes other catechisms, 354; establishes boarding school, 375; regulates female monastery schools, 97; revises *Interrogatorio*, 350; supports catechism schools, 360
Bracciolini, Poggio, 128, 129, 135, 169; finds classical texts, 120, 122; invents chancery formal script, 324; prefers Ciceronian style, 172, 215
Brescia: free schooling in, 105; Schools of Christian Doctrine in, 336, 358; Somascha school in, 391
Bruni, Leonardo, 135; on female education, 87; oratory of, 207; on poetry, 239; on reading ancient historians, 256; on *res* and *verba*, 229–30; works of, 119, 122
Buovo d'Antona, 299; contents of, 292, 294–97; as school text, 289. *See also* Andrea da Barberino
Burckhardt, Jacob, 410
Bussi, Giovanni Andrea de', 130
Buti, Francesco da (grammarian), 179

Cacciaguerra, Bonsignore, *Lettere spirituali*, 50, 288
Caesar (Gaius Julius), 65, 128
—works of: 57, 257; ignored in Middle Ages, 255; taught, 205, 256, 379; teach geography, 259–60
Cafaro, Girolamo, wrote grammar manual, 192
Cagliari, Jesuit school in, 370
Calasanz, José, founds Scuole Pie, 381–90
Calchi, Girolamo de', endows school, 396
Calderini, Domizio (teacher), 140
Caltabellotta, Jesuit school in, 370
Campanella, Tommasco, defends Scuole Pie, 387–88
Canisius, Peter: catechisms of, 354; teaches, 364
Carbone, Lodovico, 128; defends female teachers, 342; life of, 337n; on Schools of Christian Doctrine, 356–59
Carcare, Piarist school in, 386
Carrara, Francesco il Vecchio, 207
Carrara, Ubertino da, 118
Carta, la. See Primer
Casa Giocosa, Vittorino's school in, 129–30, 132, 134
Casalmaggiore, Barnabite school in, 391
Castellesi, Adriano (cardinal), works of, taught, 213n, 270
Castellino da Castello, 339, 356, 359; and catechism, 345; founds Schools of Christian Doctrine, 335–36
Castiglione, Baldesar, *Il cortegiano*, 88
Castiglione family, 131
Catania, Jesuit school in, 370
Catanzaro, Jesuit school in, 370
Catasto, 74
Catechism schools. *See* Schools of Christian Doctrine
Cathedral or chapter schools: decline of, 8–9; defined, 6–7; in various towns, 9–10
Catholicon, 113–14, 170. *See also* Balbi, Giovanni
Catholic Reformation, 85, 289
Cato, Marcus Porcius, 111, 197. See also *Disticha Catonis*
Cavalca, Domenico: *volgarizzazioni* of, 282–84; work of, 288
Cereta, Laura, learned Latin, 93
Charlemagne, 65; in chivalric romances, 292
Charles IV (emperor), 21

Charles V (emperor), 300; and Jesuit schools, 366
Chartula, 197; criticized, 123; medieval text, 113–16
Chieti, appoints teacher, 13–14
Chioggia: schools in, 12; student fees in, 116; teachers in, 4, 12, 17, 18
Chivalric romances: brought to school, 290; history and sources of, 290–92; popularity of, 294; as school texts, 289–99
Chrysoloras, Manuel, 117, 166; comes to Italy, 124–25; *Erotemata* of, 125, 203, 265
Church schools: decline of, 6–13; definition of, 5; in Venice, 43, 58
Cicerchia, Niccolò de Mino (author), 286
Cicero
—authorship of, 183
—*Epistulae ad Atticum*, 57, 85, 227
—*Epistulae ad familiares*, 59, 68; classroom teaching of, 223–29; contents and style of, 219–22; rediscovered, 121; taught by Guarino, 123; taught in various towns, 31, 204–5; taught by Scuole Pie, 385
—high, middle, and low style of, 225–28
—on history, 256
—importance of, to humanistic studies, 122–24
—*De inventione*, 115, 120–21
—as model for Renaissance oratory, 207, 209
—*De officiis*, 216–17
—*Orator*, 218
—*De oratore*, 120, 125, 212; compared with *Rhetorica ad Herennium*, 214; influence of, in Middle Ages and Renaissance, 216–17
—*De republica*, 216
—style analyzed, 217–21
—works of, 117, 128, 198, 201, 202; for female ruler, 88; found, 122; recommended, 203; taught by Guarino, 127; taught in Jesuit schools, 378–79
Ciceronianism, 171, 172; and eclecticism, 214–15
Clarenzio, Lorenzo, wrote morphology manual, 193
Classics, editions for school use, 135
Clement VII (pope), 56
Clement VIII (pope), 383, 391
Clergymen, as teachers, 10–11, 397
Cles, school in, 30
Cleynaerts (Clenardus), Nicolaas, Greek manuals of, 265–66, 379
Cloistering, 392–93
Cluny, monastery of, 122
Colle di Val d'Elsa, schools in, 12–13
Collegio Clementino (Somascha boarding school), 391
Collegio della Guastalla, 393, 396
Collegio Dugnano, in Milan, 396
Collegio Gallio (Somascha school), 391
Collegio Nazareno (Piarist school), 387
Collegio Romano, 367, 373, 385; enrollment at, 371–72; offers free education, 79–80, 81; teaches Hebrew, 381
Collegio San Simone, in Milan, 396
Collegium Germanicum, 55, 80, 299; founded, 374
Colonna, Vittoria, 94
Columbini, Giovanni (author), 288
Combination schools, 72, 309
Communal schools: definition of, 5; educated small part of population, 21; given to religious orders, 393–96; in Trecento, 12; in Treviso, 12; in Turin, 12; in Venice, 43, 61–70; in villages, 397–98
Como: catechism schools in, 336; Jesuit school in, 370
Competition: in Jesuit schools, 380–81; in Piarist schools, 385
Condotta (teacher contract), 16, 19, 30; of Guarino, 127; for humanistic studies, 137–39
Constance, Council of, 122
Constantine the Great (emperor), 292, 297
Constantinople, 127
Contarini, Antonio (patriarch), 57
Contubernium (term for boarding school), 131–32
Conversino da Ravenna, Giovanni, 129; boarding schools of, 130; schooling of, 116
Corbaccinus (teacher), 38
Cordier, Mathurin, *Colloquia* of, not taught, 201
Corradi, Giovanni Battista: on Renaissance grammarians, 191; on teaching poetry, 243
Correr family, 131
Corsicans, 356–57
Cortesi, Paolo, prefers Ciceronianism, 215

Cosenza, Piarist school in, 386
Credenza d'Ivrea, hires teacher, 17
Cremona: female monastery schools in, 97, 98; Schools of Christian Doctrine in, 336
Cresci, Giovanni Francesco, on writing, 327
Curriculum, medieval Latin, 111–17
Cutigliano, school in, 32

D'Amico, John, 172
Dante: *Commedia*, 8, 19, 88; not taught, 304–5
Datini, Francesco di Marco, 90
David, psalms of, 49
Decius (emperor), 283
Demosthenes, taught in Jesuit schools, 379
Dente, Cristoforo (teacher), 17
Derivationes, 113
Desio, catechism schools in, 336
Despauter, Ioannes (Jan Van Pauteren), grammar manuals of, 191–92, 195, 243
Devotio moderna, 287–88
Diana, Francesco (teacher), 56–57
Dianus, Scipio (household tutor), 52
Diomedes (grammarian), 178, 184
Discipline, 35–36; in Jesuit schools, 381; in Schools of Christian Doctrine, 341
Disticha Catonis (or Cato), 114, 182, 200, 201; compared with *Fior di virtù*, 279–80; compared with Italian couplets, 159; contents of, 197–99; defined, 111; with *Donato al senno*, 184, 186; with *Ianua*, 179; and Jesuits, 378; taught, 59, 116, 140. *See also* Cato, Marcus Porcius
Doctrinale. See Alexander de Villedieu
Dolce, Ludovico, on female education, 87–88
Dominicans: refuse to establish school, 382; write more religious texts, 282
Dominici, Giovanni, 136; criticizes humanistic studies, 116
Dominicus grammaticus of Novara, 3–4
Domitius Ahenobarbus, Cn., 220
Donà, Francesco (doge), 63
Donato, Bernardino (grammarian), 186
Donato, Donado, Donà, Donao, 76; explained, 174–75, 181
Donato al senno, 188; contents of, 184, 186; editions of, 416–17; memorized, 196
Donatus, Aelius, 170; *Ars maior*, 163, 178; commentary on Terence, 244; life and works, 111, 163, 164
Donatus (or Donatus) (grammar manual), 173; availability of, 174; and catechetical instruction, 360; compared with *Ianua*, 176–81; and Jesuits, 378; means learning elementary Latin grammar, 4, 18, 90, 96; memorized, 195–96; is prose, 114; taught, 67, 140, 166, 175, 188. See also *Donato al senno; Ianua*
Donatus melior: described, 184, 186, 188; editions, 178, 417–18. *See also* Mancinelli, Antonio
Doni, Anton Francesco, mocks moral commonplaces, 230

Ecclesiastical schools. *See* Church schools
Education: civic value of, 13–15; of girls, 44–45; of poor, 82–83; relationship of, to life, 229–31, 233–34; was secular, 409–10; social role of, 409; unity of, 410; universal education rejected, 21–22; useful to society, 21
Eleonora of Austria: founds school for girls, 101; and Schools of Christian Doctrine, 358
Eleonora of Toledo, and Jesuit schools, 367
Eliano, Giovanni Battista, catechism of, 354–56
Endowed schools, 106, 396–97; in England, 396
Episcopal schools, 6–7. *See also* Cathedral or chapter schools; Church schools
Epistole e Evangeli, 53, 95; brought to school, 278; description of, 280–81; in home libraries, 275
Erasmus, Desiderius, 15, 118; on corporal punishment, 35; criticizes Ciceronianism, 124, 184, 217; revises Lily's grammar, 193; some works of, prohibited, 193, 201; works of, taught in Jesuit schools, 379
Este, Alberto, Duke of Ferrara, 39
Este, Beatrice, 146
Este, Borso (duke), 128
Este, Ippolito (cardinal), 369
Este, Lionello, 128
Este, Niccolò III (duke), 39, 128
Euclid, 307, 310
Eugenius IV (pope), 9, 56

Eva columba, 116, 136; criticized, 123; described, 113
Evagrio (translator), 283
Évrard de Bethune (author), 113, 170

Fabretis, Francesco de (teacher), 91
Fabretis, Marieta de (teacher), 91
Fabrini, Giovanni: commentary on *Aeneid*, 247–49; life of, 246–47
Facetus, 197; described, 113–14; not taught, 141
Faenza: advertises for teacher, 117; female monastery schools in, 98
Fanano, Piarist school in, 386
Fanti, Sigismondo, on writing, 325–26
Farnese, Ranuccio I, founds school, 376
Faustina (wife of Marcus Aurelius), 303
Fausto da Longiano, Sebastiano (translator), 301
Feast of St. Luke (18 October), opening of academic year, 34
Fedele, Cassandra, learned Latin, 93
Female education, 87–89, 93–102; in female monasteries, 44, 97–100; in Florence in 1338, 72; free in Rome, 102n; by home tutoring, 96, 100–101; by religious orders, 392–93; in Schools of Christian Doctrine, 101, 342–43, 361
Female teachers: in independent schools, 90–93; in Schools of Christian Doctrine, 342–43
Ferdinand I (emperor), and Jesuits, 367
Ferdinando of Toledo, Don, 358
Ferrara: catechism schools in, 336; and Guarino, 127–28; Jesuit school in, 370
Fibonacci, Leonardo, life and works of, 307–8
Ficino, Marsilio, 26
Fieschi (Fliscus), Stefano, life and work of, 210–11
Figarius, Antonius (teacher), 51
Filelfo, Francesco, 125, 137, 393; his sons' schooling, 130; studies with Vittorino, 131
Filelfo, Gian Mario (teacher), 62
Filippo da Reggio (teacher), 138
Fior di virtù, 95, 288, 299, 304; brought to school, 277–78; contents and popularity of, 278–80; in home libraries, 275
Florence: abbaco teachers and schools in, 308–9; Barnabite school in, 391; catechism schools in, 337; Jesuit school in, 370; Piarist school in, 386, 387; school enrollment in 1338 in, 71–73; school enrollment in 1480 in, 74–78; working-class boys in school in, 102–3
Floretus, 114, 197
Florin *di studio*, defined, 37
Folengo, Teofilo, on chivalric romances, 290
Foligno: appoints communal teacher, 138; Barnabite school in, 391
Fonte, Moderata. *See* Pozzo, Modesta da
Forlì, Jesuit school in, 370–71
Fourth Lateran Council, 9
Francis Xavier, St., 363–64
Franco, Veronica, 94
Frascati: Jesuit school in, 370; Piarist school in, 386
Frederick I Barbarossa (emperor), 69
Frederick II (emperor), 307
Free schooling, 102n, 104–6; in Bologna, 390; concept lacking, 399; by Jesuits, 364–66; by Piarists, 383; in Rome, 81, 84

Galantini, Ippolito, and catechism schools, 337
Galilei, Galileo, and Piarists, 389
Gallio, Tolomeo (cardinal), 391
Gambara, Veronica, 94
Gambarutius, Francescus (teacher), 50, 51
Gandía, Jesuit school in, 364
Garzoni, Tommasco, on *Ianua*, 176
Gaspare da Verona (teacher), 140; writes grammar manual, 172
Gaza, Theodore, 265
Genesis, 49
Genoa: and beginning of bookkeeping, 320; catechism schools in, 336; free schooling in, 105; and girls in school, 96; Jesuit school in, 370; Latin schools in 1501 in, 73; Piarist school in, 386; Trecento schools in, 12; and working-class boys in school, 103–4
George of Trebizond, 62, 125, 129, 212; studies with Barzizza, 131; treatise on rhetoric, 208–9
Gesuati (religious order), 288
Ghalli, Barttolomeo, 290
Gian Pietro da Lucca (Giovanni Pietro d'Avenza): studies with Vittorino, 130; teaching career of, 129, 137–38
Gilberto da Correggio, 130

Giovan Battista di Baldassare della Colomba di Pisa (abbaco teacher), 23
Giovanni da Salerno, Fra (translator), 281
Giovanni di Bonandrea, work of, 116
Giovanni grammatico of Forlì, 4
Giussani, Giovanni Pietro, and Schools of Christian Doctrine, 358
Giustiniani, Bernardo, 127
Glareanus, Henricus, 259
Gonzaga, Gianfrancesco (marquis), 129
Gonzaga, Ludovico, 130, 134; in school, 120
Gonzaga, Margherita, 128
Gonzaga children, 129–30
Gozzoli, Benozzo, frescoes of, 143
Graecismus, 164, 170, 172; identified, 113; not taught, 141
Grammar (i.e., Latin grammar), 117, 162–202 passim; based on usage of antiquity, 166; definitions, 162; fees for teaching, 17; instruction, 194–97; manuals with Italian translation, 182–88; medieval concept of government, 168; medieval pedagogical, 112–13, 182, 188; pedagogical or descriptive grammar, 163; as preparation for literature, 188; as preparation for higher studies, 201–2; Renaissance approach to, 172; Renaissance pedagogical, 190; value of, 13; written in Latin, 166–82. *See also* Speculative grammar
Grammarians, 162–202 passim; defined, 4n; as lesser figures in sixteenth century, 194; as *ripetitori*, 69; on university rolls, 23–28
Grammatica, defined, 4n; same as *humanità*, 47
Grassi, Tomasso, founds catechism schools, 334–35
Greek, 138, 184. *See also various Greek authors*
—not taught by Scuole Pie, 385
—part of humanistic studies, 124–25
—poetry, 243
—recommended by Battista Guarini, 203
—teaching of, 57, 69, 265–68; in Jesuit schools, 379; in Lucca, 140; in Venice, 48–49. 50
Gregoriano (Venetian seminary), 107
Gregorio of Spoleto (teacher), 24
Grossa, Francescus, syllabus of, 270
Guadagnoli, Luchas (household tutor), 52
Gualfredi da Volterra, Sozzo di (teacher), 24–25
Gualterus Anglicus (supposed author), 112
Guarini, Battista: *De ordine docendi et discendi* of, 119; on history, 256; proposed syllabus of studies, 203–4; on teaching poetry, 243
Guarini, Guarino, 29, 133, 137, 166, 172, 175, 204
—and Chrysoloras, 125
—and Greek, 265, 267
—ignores Horace, 250
—ignores Ovid, 254
—life and teaching of, 126–29
—on letter-writing practice, 231
—on memorization, 196
—is praised, 191
—praises humanistic studies, 119–20
—prefers Ciceronian style, 215
—*Regulae grammaticales*, 127, 173, 181, 182, 188; analyzed, 167–69; approved by humanists, 169; and catechetical instruction, 360; editions of, 418–21; and Jesuits, 378; taught, 67
—and rhetoric, 208
—sends sons to Vittorino, 130
—teaches Cicero's works, 122–24
—on Terence, 250–51
Guarini, Niccolò, 123
Guarino or Guarino of Verona. *See* Guarini, Guarino
Gubbio, Jesuit school in, 370–71
Guevara, Antonio de, life and works of, 300–304. See also *Vita di Marco Aurelio*
Guglielmo di Giovanni da Francia (teacher), 139n

Hagiography: in classroom, 282–86; compared with chivalric romances, 284; compared with Latin classics, 289
Hebrew instruction: in Collegio Romano, 381; in Venice, 49–50
Hebrew press, in Venice, 50
Henry II (king of England), 112
Hermogenes of Tarsus (rhetorician), 209
Hippocrates, 69
History: ancient, ignored in Middle Ages, 255; Renaissance view of, 255–56; teaching of, 258–63; value of, 258
Holidays, 34–35
Homer, 203, 204

Honorius III (pope), 8
Horace (Q. Horatius Flaccus), 57, 67, 198, 203; in Jesuit schools, 379; ordered taught, 204–5; on poetry, 239, 254; teaching of, 252–54
Hornbook. *See* Primer
Household tutors: in Florence, 74; in Venice, 51
Hugutio (Hugutius) of Pisa (author), 113, 126, 167, 170
Humanist. *See* Humanistic studies; *individual figures such as Bruni, Guarini, Valla, etc.*
Humanistic studies (*Studia humanitatis*), 110; criticized, 406–7; curriculum texts of, 203–5, 270–71; and employment, 136; excludes abbaco, 309–11; and Greek, 124–25; and Guarino, 126–27; implementation of, in curriculum, 133–41; includes history, 256; includes poetry, 236; and Jesuits, 374, 377–79; linked to public roles, 88; and moral and civic values, 408–9; and originality, 407–8; praised, 118–20; terms for teaching, 136, 138–40; in universities, 139n
Humanitas, defined, 216

Iacopo della Croce (teacher), 29n
Ianua, 186, 188–91, 194; composition, contents, popularity, and influence of, 174–84; with *Disticha Catonis*, 198, 201; editions of, 413–16; printing of, 329. See also *Donatus*
Ignatius Loyola, St.: bans Terence, 252; and elimination of ABC class, 373; and schools, 363–65; studies of, 377
Imitation of Christ, as school text, 287–88
Independent schools: decline of, 398; defined, 5; described, 29–33; in Trecento, 12; in Venice, 30, 43
In sacrosancta beati Petri (papal bull), 42
Interrogatorio, 340; compared with Lutheran catechisms, 352; contents of, 345–52; editions, 428–29; teaches manners, 358
Iohannes de Cassio (teacher), 31
Isidore of Seville: attacked by Valla, 170; defines grammar, 162, 163, 166; *Etymologiae* of, 164
Isocrates: in Jesuit schools, 379; teaching of, 267
Italian, compared with Latin, 153
Iusbertus, Anastasius, syllabus of, 270
Ivrea: free schooling in, 104; hires teacher and assistant, 41

Jacopo da Varazze (Jacobus de Voragine) (bishop and author), 285
Jerome, St., 111; and banished poets, 236–37
Jesuits, 363–81 passim; attitude of, toward lower classes, 372; become communal teachers, 369, 394–95; concentrate on advanced students, 80; prefer to teach upper classes, 372–76; refuse to establish school for Roman poor, 382; and religious knowledge of populace, 356–57; and Roman teachers, 81
Jesuit schools, 73, 363–81; aid recruitment, 371; as boarding schools in various towns, 374–76; calendar of, 380; competition in, 380; discipline in, 381; drop ABC class, 373–74; enrollments of, 371–72; financial support of, 364, 367–69; first school at Messina, 364–66, 368, 371, 373; are free, 364–66; and length of school day, 35; list of schools for nobles, 376; list of towns where schools established, 370–71; problems of, 369–71; teach grammar, 195–97; teach Greek, 265; teach logic, 269; teach poetry, 240–44 passim; teach *studia humanitatis*, 377–79. *See also* Collegio Romano
Jesus, name of, 323
John of Garland (supposed author), 113
Julius Capitolinus (author), 301
Justinus, 203
Juvenal, 198, 203

Kayser (Caesarius), Johann, work of, taught, 268, 270
Knowledge, defined, 30

Lainez, Jaime, and schooling, 366–67, 369
Landino Cristoforo, 24; allegoresis on *Aeneid*, 237; comments on Horace, 253; teaches poetry, 236, 238
Landriani, Gerardo, finds works of Cicero, 120, 122, 126
Lascaris, Constantine, 265
Latin: as dead language, 187; eclectic style

vs. Ciceronian style, 214–16; golden age of, 171, 172
Latin grammar. *See* Grammar; Speculative grammar
Latin schools: curriculum for Venetian, 50; terms for, 47
Latin teachers, terms for, 25, 27–28
Lay teachers: in Genoa, 11; lives of, 37–41
Learned women, 93–95
Learning, psychology of, 196
Leggendario dei santi (Legenda aurea), 285
Lentulus Spinther, Publius, 224
Leonardo da Vinci, 320
Leo X (pope), 78
Letter-writing, practice, 231–32
Liber parabolarum, 114
Libreria Vecchia (in Venice), 47
Lily, William, wrote grammar, 193
Literacy, 403; female, 93; in Florence in 1338, 72; in Florence in 1480, 46, 78; in Florence in 1863–64, 72; in Italy in 1871, 86; linked to class and sex, 46–47; in Rome, 108; in Rome in 1871, 86; in Venice in 1587–88, 45–46; in York in 1530, 46
Little Office of Our Lady, 53, 88, 89; contents of, 353; printing of, 329; recited by Vittorino da Feltre, 334; in Schools of Christian Doctrine, 353–54
Livorno, Barnabite school in, 391
Livy, 128; ignored by Venetian schools, 256; taught for history, 204
Lodi, catechism schools in, 336
Logic, taught, 268–70
Lombardelli, Orazio: on Cicero and Terence, 221–22; on teaching poetry, 241
Loredan family, 131
Loreto, Jesuit school in, 370
Loschi, Antonio, on rhetoric, 208
Loyola, Ignatius. *See* Ignatius Loyola, St.
Lucan, 17, 19, 114, 116
Lucca, commune of: appoints teachers, 13; attempts to establish university, 20–21; defines grammar, 162; free schooling in, 105–6; issues curricular guidelines, 140, 204; length of school day in, 35; letter-writing practice in, 231; and schools, 12, 20; supports university students, 20

Macerata, Jesuit school in, 370
Machiavelli, Bernardo, 76
Machiavelli, Niccolò: abbaco schooling of, 309; denies moral commonplaces, 230–31; schooling of, 76, 77
Machiavelli, Totto, schooling of, 76
Macrobius, 203
Maestre Pie Venerini, 392
Maestri d'abbaco, defined, 5
Maestri dei rioni (Roman communal teachers), 78–84; and Scuole Pie, 382, 383
Malaspina family, 131
Mancinelli, Antonio: comments on Horace, 253; *Donatus melior* of, 178, 184, 186, 188, 417–18; epitomes of Valla's *Elegantiae*, 192; life of, 183; praised, 191; teaches rhetoric, 212; teaches at Velletri, 140; works of, 183–84
Manetti, Giannozzo, schooling of, 77
Manfredi, Taddeo de', 130
Mantua: catechism schools in, 336; girls' school in, 101; Vittorino teaches at, 129–30
Manuzio, Aldo (Aldus Manutius): *Institutiones grammaticae libri quatuor* of, 153–54, 192; and italic type, 325; on learning to read, 157–58; praised, 191; and prayers, 334; publishes Greek texts, 265, 267; schooling of, 139–40; on teaching poetry, 243
Manuzio, Aldo the Younger: comments on Caesar, 259; on Terence, 251
Manuzio, Paolo, 31
Manzoni, Domenico, 309; and bookkeeping, 320–22; *La vera et principal ricchezza* of, 100–101, 154; and writing, 326
Marcus Aurelius (emperor), 301–4
Marinella, Lucrezia, on learned women, 95
Marlianus, Raimundus, index for Caesar, 259
Marochi, Salvi di Lorenzo, 290
Martial, taught in Jesuit schools, 379
Mathematics: in ancient Rome, 306; in universities, 306–7
Matteo della Rocca (teacher), 37–38, 76
Matthew de Vendôme, 113; on poetry, 235
Maxims. *See* Sentences
Medici, Cosimo de', 301, 324
Medici, Cosimo I de', and Jesuits, 366–67
Medici, Ferdinand II de' (grandduke), 387
Meditationes vitae Christi (school text), 286

Memorization: importance of, 194–97; of Vergil, 203
Merici, Angela: founds Ursulines, 392; provides religious instruction for girls, 335
Messina: Jesuit school in, 364–66; Piarist school in, 386
Miani, Girolamo: founds Somaschi, 391; and religious instruction, 335
Milan: Barnabite school in, 391; catechism schools in, 335–38, 341; endowed schools in, 396–97; Jesuit school in, 370; teachers in, 5
Milton, John, 218
Misogyny: absent in *Fior di virtù*, 279; present in *Vita di Marco Aurelio*, 303
Mocenigo, Girolamo, 52
Modena: humanist teacher in, 138–39; Jesuit school in, 370–71; schools in, 12
Modus Parisiensis, and Jesuits, 377
Monastic schools, 6–7. *See also* Female education, in female monasteries
Mondovì, Jesuit school in, 370
Monreale, Jesuit school in, 370
Montefeltre, Federigo II, 130
Montepulciano, Jesuit school in, 370–71
Montorfano, Giovanni Paolo, author of *Interrogatorio*, 347–50
Monza, catechism schools in, 336
Moral philosophy: classical and Christian seen as same, 264; taught through commonplaces, 263; in *Vita di Marco Aurelio*, 301–4
Musero, Marco, 62
Music, in Scuole Pie, 395

Nani, Paolo, 52
Nani, Zuanne, 52
Nannini Fiorentino, Remigio (author), 281
Naples: free Latin schooling in, 106; Jesuit school in, 370; Kingdom of, 356; Piarist school in, 386
Narni, Piarist school in, 386
Nascimbene (teacher), 38
Niccoli, Niccolò, invents chancery cursive script, 169, 324–25
Niccolò di Antonio da Pratovecchio (teacher), 25
Nicholas V (pope), 136
Nicolao de Eugubio (teacher convicted of sodomy), 40
Nofrio di Siena (teacher), 19
Nogarola, Isotta, learned Latin, 93
Nola, Jesuit school in, 370
Norcia, Piarist school in, 386
Nouns, substantive and adjectival, 180n, 181n, 196
Novara: catechism schools in, 336; communal school in, 393–94; diocese of, 61
Nuti, Ser Lapo (teacher), 9

Oblation (*oblatio*), 7–8
Octavian (Augustus), 219
Officium Beatae Mariae Virginis. See *Little Office of Our Lady*
Oliviero da Arzignano, commentary of, on Valerius Maximus, 262–63
Oratory: importance of, 209; medieval and Renaissance, contrasted, 207; in *Vita di Marco Aurelio*, 303. *See also* Rhetoric
Orlando furioso, 299, 304; brought to school, 277, 290; described, 298; taught, 289. *See also* Ariosto, Ludovico
Ospedale degli Incurabili, 60
Ottava rima, 287, 299
Ovid (Publius Ovidius Naso), works of, 17, 57, 114, 198, 203; in Jesuit schools, 378; little used in Renaissance classrooms, 254; taught, 205

Pacioli, Luca, 310; and bookkeeping, 320–23
Padua, Somascha school in, 391
Pagliarolus, Hieronymus (teacher), 28n
Palazzolo sull'Oglio, school in, 15
Paleario, Aonio: life of, 245n; praised, 191
Paleotti, Gabriele (bishop of Bologna): and catechetical primer, 149; supports Schools of Christian Doctrine, 360
Palermo: Jesuit school in, 370; Piarist school in, 386
Pallavicini, Battista, 130
Pannonius, Janus (Joannes de Csezmicze), 129
Paolini, Fabio (teacher), 69
Paolini, Lodovico (teacher), 68, 70
Paolo da Ronciglione (teacher), 76
Papias (Papias), 113, 167, 170
Papirio, Giovanni Battista (teacher), 85
Paraphrase-commentary: explained, 244–49; on Sallust, 261; on Valerius Maximus, 262–63

Parenus, Bartholomeus (teacher), books of, 53
Parish schools, 10
Parma: catechism schools in, 336; Jesuit school in, 370
Pasquinade, origin of, 79
Passeggeri, Rolandino de', rhetorical work of, 115
Patrianis de Cassia, Anthonius de (teacher), 37
Paul (hermit), 283
Paul III (pope), and Schools of Christian Doctrine, 359
Paul V (pope), 383
Pauteren, Jan Van. *See* Despauter, Ioannes
Pavia, catechism schools in, 336
Pedagogy, in Schools of Christian Doctrine, 339, 341
Pellicaneus, Blasius (abbaco teacher), 52
Penna, Baldo Antonio (teacher), 68, 69
Pepin the Short (king), 296, 297
Periodicity, 217–19
Perotti, Niccolò: *Cornucopiae*, 173; defines grammar, 162; *De generibus metronum*, 253; life and works of, 173–74; praised, 191; *Rudimenta grammatices*, 173, 183; studies with Vittorino, 130
Perugia, Jesuit school in, 370
Peter Damiani, St., 7
Peter Lombard, 377
Peter of Spain, work of, taught, 269
Petrarch, 88, 110; appreciates history, 255–56; criticizes medieval curriculum, 117; finds Cicero's works, 121; on poetry, 236; praises teacher, 39; on teaching, 3; *Triumphs*, 95; works of, not taught, 304–5; on writing, 323
Petrus de Mantua (teacher), 38
Philip II (king of Spain), 200
Philip Neri, St., 288
Physiologus (Tres leo naturas), 113, 116
Piacenza, catechism schools in, 336
Piarists, 363; become communal teachers, 394–95; founded, 386; and Galileo, 389. *See also* Calasanz, José; Scuole Pie
Piccolominens, Aeneas (Venetian teacher), 51, 270
Piccolomini, Aeneas Silvius: on ancient historians, 256; *De liberorum educatione*, 119; on religious instruction, 333–34; on writing, 324
Piccolomini, Alessandro, on mathematics, 310
Pico, Gianfrancesco, on style, 215
Piero della Francesca, 320
Piero Maria (teacher), 76
Pietro da Tolentino (teacher), 137
Pindar, taught in Jesuit schools, 379
Pinerola, free schooling in, 104
Pisa: Barnabite school in, 391; schools in, 12
Pistoia, commune of: authorizes speculative grammar, 165; issues curriculum guidelines, 140; on length of school day, 34–35; schools in, 12; searches for teacher, 16, 19
Pius, Antoninus (emperor), 65
Pius V (pope), 42, 78, 106, 353; on cloistering, 392–93; endorses catechetical instruction, 359–60
Plato, 203; banished poets, 236–37
Plautus, 203; *Aulularia*, 57
Plazon, Stefano (teacher): career of, 31–32; wrote grammar, 192–93
Pliny, 203
Plutarch, 198
Poetry: medieval view of, 235–36; metrics, 241–43; Renaissance view of, 236–40; teaching in ancient Roman schools, 241; teaching of, 240–44; teaching through paraphrase-commentary, 244–49. *See also* Horace; Ovid; Terence; Vergil
Poliziano, Angelo, 93; prefers eclectic style, 215; on words and civic society, 233
Pompey, 114, 224
Pomponius Mela, 203
Pomponius Tranquillus (teacher), 54
Pozzo, Modesta da (Moderata Fonte): on learned women, 94–95; teaches her children, 100
Primer (also called *abbecedario, la carta*, hornbook, *il quaderno*, psalter, *il salterio, la Santa Croce, la tavola*), 142–61 passim, 188; contents of, 149; described, 142–43, 146–47; English, French, and German, 155–56; Latin and Italian in, 147, 149, 151–53; in modern Italy, 154n, 155n
Printing: helps learned women, 94; of Little Office of Our Lady, 353n; of primers, 147; of textbooks, 329

Priscian, 134, 168, 170, 173, 174, 180, 184; commentary on *Aeneid*, 244; *Institutiones grammaticae*, 164; praised by Valla, 170
Priscianese, Francesco: criticizes Seneca's style, 217; wrote Latin grammars, 186–87
Priuli, Lorenzo, supports catechism schools, 360
Priuli, Zaccaria, 52
Prospero (Ex sententiis Augustini) or Prospero, 17, 115–17; criticized, 123; identified, 113
Prospero d'Aquitaine, St., 113
Prudentius (poet), 113
Psalter, 90, 100. *See also* Primer
Ptolemy, 203
Pulci, Luigi (author), 298

Quaderno, il. *See* Primer
Quadrivium, 118
Quintilian, 118, 125, 166; on history, 255; importance of, 120–21; *Institutio oratoria* criticizes Seneca's style, 217; taught in Jesuit schools, 379

Ratio studiorum, of Jesuits, 377–80 passim
Ravizza (Rapicio), Giovita (teacher), 63–64; on education, 65–66
Reading (i.e., learning to read), 142–61; in Collegio Romano, 156, 159; in Greece and Rome, 156, 160; in Schools of Christian Doctrine, 338–40; in Scuole Pie, 384; syllabification in, 147, 157–59; time required, 160; use of wax tablets for, 157; word method of, 160–61
I Reali di Francia (chivalric romance), 292, 297. *See also* Andrea da Barberino
Recanati (communal teacher), 138
Regius, Raphael, and *Rhetorica ad Herennium*, 213
Regulae grammaticales. See Guarini, Guarino
Religious instruction: in fifteenth century, 333–34, 345; in schools, 361
Religious knowledge of laymen, 350, 356–57
Renaissance businessman, mentality of, 322–23
Res and *verba* (words and things), 229–31, 233–34
Rhetoric, 203–33 passim; as civic science, 208; classical, revived, 207–8; genera, 224; in Middle Ages, 205, 207–8; primary and secondary, in Renaissance, 209–10; Renaissance and medieval teaching of, compared, 233. *See also* Oratory
Rhetorica ad Herennium, 115–16, 120–21, 183; Cicero's authorship of, doubted, 213; contents and influence of, 212–14, 216; taught in Jesuit schools, 379
Rieti, schools in, 12
Riformatori dello Studio di Padova and Venetian schools, 63–65, 67, 68
Ripetitore, 18, 20, 52, 59, 73, 83, 84; contracts of, 40–41; defined, 40; not required to make profession of faith, 42
Rizzoni, Martino (humanist teacher), 129, 133
Robortello, Francesco (humanist), 63–64, 67
Roman catechism, 354
Roman schools, 78–86 passim; compared with Venetian and Florentine schools, 78
Rome: catechism schools in, 336–37; free schooling in, 105; free schools for girls in, 102n; population in 1871 in, 86; and working-class boys in school, 104
Roncesvalles (battle), 291
Rossi, Guerrieri dei (student), 76–77
Rovigo, hires teachers, 16
Rucellai, Palla di Bernardo, grammar manual prepared for, 174
Rugby, 132

Sabba Castiglione, Fra: on female education, 88–89; free Latin school of, 106; urges home tutoring, 100
Sabbadini, Remigio: identifies *Ianua*, 178; on medieval understanding of ancient poetry, 236
Sacchi (il Platina), Bartolomeo, 134
Sack of Rome, 79
Sacrobosco (John of Holywood), 307
Sadoleto, Jacopo, 325
Salandus, Petrus Antonius (teacher), 28n
Salerno, Gian Nicola, 119
Sallust (Gaius Sallustius Crispus), 128, 135; in Jesuit schools, 378–79; source for political morality, 261–62; taught for history, 204–5; teaching of, 261–62; works of, 257
Salterio, il. See Primer

Salutati, Coluccio, 124; finds work of Cicero, 121; and Golden Age Latin, 215; on poetry, 236; praises teacher, 39; on writing, 323
San Basegio (Venetian church), 60
San Gimignano: schools in, 12; teacher in, 4
San Marco, school for *zaghi* of, 56–57
San Martino del Vescovo (Florentine church), 291
San Miniato, schools in, 12
Sansovino, Jacopo, 47
Santa Croce, La, taught by Scuole Pie, 384. *See also* Primer
Santa Dorotea in Trastevere (first Piarist school), 382
Santa Maria Formosa (Venetian church), 60
Sante leggende as school texts, 286–87
San Vio (Venetian church), 60
Sassari, Jesuit school in, 370
Sassolo da Prato on abbaco, 311
Savona: catechism schools in, 336; Piarist school in, 386; teacher in, 115
Saxo, Cristoforo, wrote grammar, 193
Scala, Alessandra, learned Greek, 93
Scala, Bartolomeo, 93
Scholas, translated, 24n
Schooling: Florentine and Venetian, compared, 77; role of church in, 6–11, 399
Schooling rate: of Florence in 1480, 77–78; of Venice in 1587–88, 44
Schools of Christian Doctrine (Catechism or Sunday schools), 101, 102, 107, 333–62 passim, 398; books of, 425–29; in Milan, 45; and primer, 149; social role of, 357–58; and upper classes, 358–59; in Venice, 45–46
Scola acolytorum, in Verona, 9
Scolopi and Padri Scolopi. *See* Piarists
Scoppa, Lucio Giovanni: free Latin school of, 106; syntax manual of, 193; works of, 106
Scuola de' Calchi, in Milan, 396
Scuola de' Taverni, in Milan, 397
Scuola di Rialto, 269
Scuola di San Marco (humanist school), 65, 67, 138; founding of, 62–63, 135
Scuole Arcimboldi (Barnabite school), 391
Scuole Pie, 381–90; composition of student body of, 389–90; involvement of parents in, 384; and social class, 387–88; do not teach Greek, 385; teach abbaco, 385; teach Galilean physics, 386; use Guarino's *Regulae,* 190; vernacular and Latin curricula of, 384–86. *See also* Piarists
Semi-literate: learn in Schools of Christian Doctrine, 343; writing of, 328–29
Seminaries: provide free education, 107; in Venice, 55
Senate of Venice: curricular guidelines of, 204–5; establishes schools, 64–65, 67
Seneca the Younger, 118, 121, 198, 203; prose style of, criticized, 217
Sentences (*Sententiae* or maxims), 249; articulate values, 229–31, 233–34; from Cicero, 221–22; defined, 214
Sententiae. See Sentences
Servius, 170; commentary of, on Vergil, 244
Sestieri: defined, 57; church schools in, 58–59; communal schools in, 61–70
Severus, Septimus (emperor), 65
Sforza, Federico, 134
Sforza, Galeazzo Maria, 134
Sforza, Lodovico il Moro, 146
Sforza, Massimiliano, 146
Siculo, Giulio Simone (teacher), 78
Siena: female monastery schools in, 97, 98; Jesuit school in, 370; and minstrels, 291; schools in, 12
Sigismund (king of Hungary), 118
Simone da Cascia (Simone Fidati), Fra, commentary by, 281
Siracusa, Jesuit school in, 370
Sole, Alessandro, wrote morphology manual, 193
Solinus, 203
Soloecismus, defined, 163
Somaschi, 363; become communal teachers, 394–95; schools of, 391
Sophocles: *Electra,* 93; taught, 267
Speculative grammar, 115, 136, 201; criticized by humanists, 165–66; description of, 164–65
Spoleto, commune of, appoints teacher, 137
Stampa, Gaspara, 94
State schools, 6. *See* Communal schools
Stationers, sell primers, 146
Statius, 203; work of, 114
St. Gall, 122

Strozzi family, 129
Students: poverty of, 81–82; and student-teacher ratio, 53; and taxes, 74
Studia humanitatis. See Humanistic studies
Summario, 340, 352; contents of, 343–45; editions of, 427
Sylvester I (pope), 297
Symbolum Apostolorum. *See* Apostles' Creed

Tagliente, Giovanni Antonio: *Libro maistrevole* of, 100, 158–59; on writing, 326
Tagliente, Girolamo, 327
Tavola, la. See Primer
Teacher contracts. See *Condotta*
Teachers: ages of, 59; birthplaces of Venetian, 54; careers of Latin, 133–40; clergymen as, 55–56; collect fees from students, 16–17, 32–33, 85; crimes of, 39–40; education of, 54–55; female, 90–93; give classical names to offspring, 39; guild of, 11, 36n; hiring of, 15–17; income of, 17–20, 25, 37–38, 67; income of, compared to other occupations, 18–19; laymen as, 53; make professions of faith, 42; marriages of, 37–39; mobility of, 37, 54–55; other employment of, 54, 69; pensions of, 38; preparation of, 36–37; social position of, 37–38
Terence (Publius Terentius Afer), 17, 57, 67, 116, 203; in Jesuit schools, 252; ordered taught, 204–5; Renaissance teaching of, 250–52; taught for rhetoric, 208
Terentia (wife of Cicero), 220
Terracina, Laura (author), 94, 299
Textbooks: printing of, 329; selling of, 32
Theodolus (Ecloga Theoduli), 114, 116, 197; identified, 112; not taught, 141
Theodoric the Ostrogoth, 114
Theology schools, 8
Third Lateran Council, 9
Thomas à Kempis, 287–88
Thomas Aquinas, St., 278
Thucydides, 69
Titus Livius de Perlovisiis (teacher), 39
Tivoli, Jesuit school in, 370
Tobias, 114, 197; identified, 113
Todi, schools in, 12
Toledo, Francesco de, works of, taught, 268, 270
Tonti, Michelangelo (cardinal), 387
Torelli, Ludovica (countess), founds school, 393
Toscanella, Orazio: Latin grammar of, 187; life and works of, 222–23; on poetry, 240; on *res* and *verba*, 230; on teaching Cicero's style, 223–29
Translation. See *Volgarizzazione*
Travesi da Cremona, Giovanni: as teacher of Barzizza, 126; teaches speculative grammar, 165
Trent, Council of: and catechetical instruction, 359; on cloistering, 393; on female monastery schools, 97
Trevisan family, 131
Treviso, commune of: appoints teacher, 134, 138; free schooling in, 106; links education to civic welfare, 14; teacher in, 4
Trivium, 118
Trivulziano ms. 2163, 146–47
Turin: catechism schools in, 336; free schooling in, 104

Universal education, rejected, 21–22
University of Bologna, 55, 116, 126; *ars dictaminis* taught at, 115; lower-level teachers on rolls at, 26–29
University of Ferrara, 128
University of Florence, lower-level teachers on rolls at, 24–26
University of Padua, 55, 67, 126, 129
University of Pavia, 126
University of Perugia, lower-level teachers on rolls at, 24
University of Rome, 78, 79, 140
Urbani, Girolamo, defends Donatus and Guarino, 190–91
Urban VI (pope), 21
Urban VIII (pope), 389
Ursulines, schools of, 392

Valagussa, Giorgio (teacher), 135n; *Elegantiae Ciceronianae* of, 211–12
Valerian (emperor), 283
Valerius Maximus, 135, 203; in Middle Ages, 255; taught, 205; works of, 257–58

Valier, Agostino (cardinal): on catechetical instruction for girls, 361; on female education, 89
Valla, Giorgio, 62
Valla, Lorenzo, 110, 117; commentary on Sallust by, 261; doubts Cicero's authorship, 213; epitomes of *Elegantiae*, 183, 192; on grammar, 170–72; and history, 256; praised, 191; prefers eclectic style, 215; studies with Vittorino, 130
Valpolicella, 127
Varese, catechism schools in, 336
Vegio, Maffeo: commentary on Vergil by, 249; *De educatione liberorum*, 119; on Dido as example, 237–38; writes poetry, 243
Vendramin, Francesco (patriarch), 58
Venerini, Rosa, 392
Venice, 128; abbaco teaching in, 309; catechism schools in, 336, 341–42; female monastery schools in, 98; Jesuit school in, 370–71; population of, in 1586, 44n; produces abbaco teachers, 308; school enrollments in, 48–49, 53; schools in, 41–70 passim; seminary education in, 107; Senate establishes schools in, 63–68; Senate orders *Donatus* and *Regulae* taught, 188–89; Vittorino teaches at, 129
Vercelli, 121; free schooling in, 106
Verde, Armando, 74
Vergerio, Pier Paolo, 125; life and *De ingenuis moribus* of, 117–19; on mathematics, 310; on poetry, 238; revives classical rhetoric, 207
Vergil, 117, 201
—to be memorized, 203
—teaching of *Aeneid:* 204, 205, 236–50; by Scuole Pie, 385; in Jesuit schools, 378–79
—works identified, 113
—works taught, 17, 19, 59, 67, 69, 116
Vernacular curriculum, 275–329 passim; and abbaco, 23, 50, 309; based on adult culture, 275–78; compared with Latin curriculum, 275; Latin grammar added to, 50
Verona: catechism schools in, 336; commune appoints abbaco teacher, 308; commune appoints Guarino, 127; female teachers in, 91–92; population of, 92; Somascha school in, 391; teachers in, 4
Vettori, Piero, defends Terence, 252
Vida, Marco Girolamo, 59n
Vigevano: Barnabite school in, 391; catechism schools in, 336
Vigilius de Tridento (teacher), 31, 38
Villani, Giovanni, on Florentine schooling, 71–74
Vincent of Beauvais: influence of, 278; work of, mentioned, 285
Vita di Marco Aurelio, 50, 323; brought to school, 278; contents of, 300–304; editions of, 422–24. *See also* Guevara, Antonio de
Le vite dei Santi Padri (school text), 88, 282–85
Vittorino (Ramboldoni) da Feltre, 29, 120, 133, 134, 137; on ancient historians, 256; ignores Ovid, 254; life and teaching of, 129–31; on mathematics, 310–11; religious instruction of, 334; teaches poetry, 238; uses Horace, 253
Vives, Juan Luis, *Colloquia*, 59, 182; contents of, 199–201; in Jesuit schools, 378; in Scuole Pie, 385; taught, 199–201
Volgarizzazione, 286; defined, 282
Volterra: appoints foreigners as teachers, 16; appoints law lecturer, 20; appoints teachers, 18, 41, 309; schools in, 12

Women, 93–95
Working-class pupils, 102–7; reasons for schooling, 104; in Venice, 33
Writing: classroom instruction in, 325–28; history of, 323–25

Zaccaria, Antonio Maria, founds Barnabites, 390
Zaghi (Venetian boy clerics), schooling of, 56–61
Zambon, Marc'Antonio (teacher), 57
Zeno family, 131
Zentil de labacho (teacher), 31